

## **Knee Scope with Meniscectomy**

## **Home Care Instructions**

The menisci are two c-shaped shock absorbers in your knee. Surgery for some tears involves shaving back the torn part of the meniscus to a stable margin. For the best results, please try to adhere to the below protocol and please call our office if anything feels amiss.

-Dr. Michael C. Russonella

Procedure

The surgery involves pumping fluid into the knee and under high pressure (100 mm Hg). Thus, swelling for several days is common. The swelling may extend into the leg and foot for a short period of time. The nature of the surgery also causes some swelling of the knee, this is normal. There may be areas of ecchymosis (black and blue) due to the arthroscopic fluid mixing with small amounts of blood – this is normal. There may also be small raised areas around the incision sites; this is normal swelling unless associated with the items of concern listed below.

**Diet and Activity** 

Range of motion in your knee is important. You may engage in full range of motion unless listed otherwise. You may be weight bearing AS TOLERATED on your operative leg. Most people use crutches for 2-5 days. Use the cryo-cuff or ice packs as needed – it will significantly decrease the pain, especially over the first week. **DO NOT USE HEAT!** 

**Pain Medication** 

Use pain medication as needed. You can come off the prescription pain medication when you feel comfortable. You may also take Tylenol (500mg every 6 hours), Advil (2 tablets every 8 hours), OR Aleve (2 tablets every 12 hours) as needed for pain and swelling. Immediately start on your first op day 2000mg Vitamin C daily until the wounds are fully healed. Do not apply any creams or salves to your incision; this can cause complications. The risk of blood clots is exceedingly rare after arthroscopic surgery; however, as a precaution I prefer that patients take 1 aspirin pre day (325 mg) for 5 days following surgery. Thereafter, I recommend that you take one baby aspirin (81 mg) per day until the post-op visit or until you are walking normally. If you develop significant swelling in the leg (not just the knee) AFTER the first 2-3 days, please call the office. If you cannot take aspirin or have a risk of blood clots, another blood thinner may have been prescribed. In this case, do not take the aspirin. The pain medication may cause constipation; drink plenty of fluids, apple juice, and prune juice as needed. You can also use Colace 100mg by mouth twice a day. If you do not have a bowel movement within 5 days drink ½ bottle of magnesium citrate, which is sold over the counter. The response to surgery over the first 5 days is quite individual. Do not hesitate to take 2 tablets of the pain medication every 3 hours if needed, and do use supplemental Advil, Aleve, or Motrin. Of course, rest, ice, and taking it easy for the first dew days will have significant impact on your recovery. There may be some residual discomfort at the tear site as the meniscectomy heals.

Wound Care and Showering The knee will have a large dressing over 2-3 small incisions. Leave dressing on for 48 hours. Remove the large dressing but leave sutures in place. The dressing will be blood tinged – this is normal. You may shower after the dressing is remove; do not lather the area with soap, although it can get wet. Apply band-aids over the incisions after they are dry.

**Return Visits** 

The office will call you to schedule your post-operative appointments.

Sleeping

Sleeping is usually tough for the first few weeks; pain seems to increase at night – this is normal – use the medication and ice. You may also use over the counter pain medications, but these should be used cautiously with any narcotic medicines.

**Emergency** 

Notify the office if you develop a fever >101°F, with unusual increase in pain, redness, and warmth. Report any pus or unusual drainage to our office immediately. It could be a concern if your incisions swell or have drainage. If you encounter any problems, please call our office.

\*If you feel chest pain or shortness of breath, please go to the nearest ER for evaluation. Do not call the office or wait for an appointment; although extremely rare, this could be a blood clot in the lungs\*